

KENTUCKE GAZETTE,

S A T U R D A Y , MAY 17, 1888.

LEXINGTON: Printed and Sold by JOHN and FIELDING BRADFORD, at their PRINTING OFFICE in Main Street where subscriptions at 18¢ per Ann. Advertisements, &c. for this paper, are thankfully received, and PRINTING in its different branches done with Care and Expedition - Advertisements of no more length than breadth, are inserted for 3¢ the first time and 2¢ each time after and longer ones in proportion.

STrayed from the subscribers plantation near the Surveyors Office (Fayette) a two year old dark bay, or rather brown stone horse, has a small star in his forehead, two or three white feet, is well blooded, and a bay filly the same age, has a very small star, and one white foot: also a yearling horse colt, a bay, neither of them are docked or branded, they went off with a small gray mare, she was a stray and had on a good bell. Any person who will take up the three first mentioned strays, and bring them home or secure for that they be recovered shall be handsomely rewarded.

April 29 1888.

H. MARSHALL

FOR SALE

A tract of land containing 1400 acres on the waters of the north fork of Licking, lying on the road from Limestone to the lower blue licks; being Mays settlement and preemption and includes Mays lick, good bonds on persons in this district or on persons in the Eastern part of Virginia will be received in payment, and I will warrant the title.

tf b30

HARRY INNES

Messrs. Printers,

IHAVE seen in your paper, No. 33 an Advertisement, signed by a certain Arthur M'Nickle, holding forth to the public that I was run off, but my presence will prove to the contrary; he also refused paying a draught I drew on him which was justly due, this will caution the public against dealing with such a scoundrel as he is, the said M'Nickle pretends that he is a stone mason, but his trade is a weaver.

EDWARD M'FARLAN.

STrayed or stolen on the ninth of this inst. from the subscriber living on Hufstons fork in Bourbon county, a likely sorrel mare, four years old, about fifteen hands high, branded on the near buttock CS, has a small star in her forehead, has been badly fitted, which shews plain on her hips. Any person taking her up and conveying her to the subscriber, shall be well rewarded for their trouble, if stolen I will give ten pounds for the thief.

CHARLES SMITH

TAKEN up by the subscriber living on cane run about five miles from Lexington, about the twenty-eighth of April, a bay mare about thirteen hands and a half high, branded with IM and a flower deluce on the near shoulder and IL on the near buttock and IM with a flower deluce on the off buttock. Also a gray yearling horse colt, has a small streak down his face, his near hind foot white, the owner desired to come and take them away.

DAVID MITCHELL

REDBIRD

A powerful high blooded horse, will stand this season at the subscribers house in Lexington, his price thirty shillings cash, or 200lb of merchantable tobacco, or 300lb of pork, to be delivered in Lexington, on or before the 20th. day of October next.

REDBIRD was got by Fearnought an imported horse, his dam was a Janus, called slow and sure, his grand dam was creeping Kate, so well known on the continent for her swiftness and high blood.

JOHN M'NAIR.

IBEG leave to inform my clients, that Capt. T. Marshall will attend to their business in my absence, and respectfully.

April 29. 1888.

H. MARSHALL

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD

STRAYED from the subscriber in Mercer county near Danville a brown horse four years old, about fourteen hands and a half high, the near hind foot white, neither docked nor branded, but ear marked with two small bits out of the off ear, whoever takes up said horse and secures him so that I get him again shall be entitled to the above reward.

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MICHAEL HUMBLE

TWO DOLLARS REWARD

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber living in Danville, about the 23rd of March a small bay mare five years old, about thirteen hands three inches high, has a small star in her forehead, had a bell on when she went away, was shod before, branded on the near buttock with a cross, whoever takes up and secures said mare so that I get her again shall be entitled to the above reward.

JAMES SPILMAN

SOME years past I gave William Buckhannan bonds for three Negroes and after his death James Buckhannan returned one of them on my giving him a bond for one in his own name, he some days after came, to me and reported he had lost the whole, at that time I paid him, and took a clear receipt against those bonds, and do forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of any bond or bonds given by me to said Buckhannan as I am clear of the name.

WILLIAM HOY

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that several Gentlemen propose meeting at the Crab Orchard on the fourth of June in perfect readiness to move early the next morning through the Wilderness.

STRAYED from the subscriber at the Surveyors office in this county on the ninth ultimar an Iron gray horse, four or five years old, fifteen hands high, neither docked nor branded, his tail long and tolerable thick almost white, his mane inclined to be gray, narrow made about the breast, trots very well and carries his head high when mounted, he was very poor, bare footed all round, whoever takes up said horse and delivers him to Mr. Thomas Marshall shall receive two dollars reward.

Fayette County May 2 1888.

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WILLIAM MARSHALL

BROKE out of John Moores field near Lewis Craigs mill, a blue roan horse, about fourteen hands high, five years old, branded on the near shoulder thus 3, trots natural, one fore foot much better, whoever takes said horse and delivers him to the aforesaid Moore or to John Allen living on the hanging fork of Dicks river within two miles of Carpenters station, shall have three dollars reward.

April 25 1888, SAMUEL MOORE

WE the subscribers do certify that we have severally heard Mr. John Clark relate the story published by Mr. J. Harris respecting Mr. H. Marshall, nearly in the words and in effect as stated by Mr. Harris.

G. GORDON,
B. GAINES,
J. COBURN,
J. PARKER,

I do hereby certify that I have frequently heard Mr. John Clark say, that he had formerly taken an obligation of Capt. Humphrey Marshall, that some time after he was desirous of disposing of the land for which the obligation was taken, for which he presented to the aforesaid Marshall in the office that he then kept for his uncle, but had an occasion to go out and left the obligation of Marshalls on the table, which when he returned was missing, he then said Clark asked Marshall what had become of it, his answer was he did not know, he further asked the aforesaid Marshall, if any person had been in the office from the time he left it till he returned his answer was that there had not. Given under my hand this 13th of May, 1888.

JOHN MARTIN,

I do certify that about two years past Mr. John Clark of Lexington, informed me that he had some considerable time before, entered into a contract with Humphrey Marshall, to locate land in partnership, he furnishing location, and Mr. Marshall warrants, and that Mr. Marshall had located some lands on the entries delivered, which he refused to give him any part of, and likewise that Mr. Marshall had got possession of an article of agreement which had passed between them, (tho without any witness) which he withheld.

May 14 1888,

P. BUTLER

WHEREAS I passed my bond, with William M'Connell security, to Thomas Leddie of Fayette county, for \$50 for which said Leddie was to perform certain services, which he has failed to do: I therefore forewarn all persons from purchasing, or taking an assignment of said bond, as I am determined not to pay it.

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JEREMIAH CRAIG

LONDON, January 3.
YESTERDAY morning some dispatches were received from the marquis of Buckingham, lord lieutenant of Ireland, which were sent off to his majesty at Windsor.

Parliament of Paris

From the spirited proceedings of the parliament of Paris, it may not be amiss to give an extract from Dr Moor's View of Society, &c, respecting that body.

"The parliament of Paris can indeed remonstrate, and have done it with such strength of reasoning and energy of expression, that if eloquence were able to prevail over unlimited power, every grievance would have been redressed.

"Some of these remonstrances display, not only examples of the most sublime and pathetic eloquence, but also breathe a spirit of freedom, which would do honor to the British house of commons.

"The resistance which the parliament of Paris made to the will of the king, does them the greatest honor. Indeed the lawyers in France have displayed more just and manly sentiments of government, and have made a nobler struggle against despotic power, than any set of men in the kingdom. It has therefore often affected me with surprise and indignation, to observe the attempts that have been made here to turn this body of men into ridicule. One of this profession is never introduced on the stage but in a ridiculous character: this may give satisfaction to the prince, whose power they have endeavoured to limit or to thoughtless flattery courtiers; but ought to be viewed with horror by the nation, for whose good the gentlemen of the long robe have hazarded so much; for in their opposition to the court, much personal danger was to be feared and no lucrative advantage to be reaped.

"The security, and even the existence of the parliament of Paris, depending entirely on the pleasure of the king, and having no other weapons offensive or defensive, but justice, arguments and reason, their fate might have been foreseen, the usual fate of those who have no other artillery to oppose power. The members were disgraced, and the parliament abolished.

"The measure was considered as violent; the exiles were regarded as martyrs: the people were astonished and grieved. At length, recovering from their surprise they dissipated their sorrow, as they do on all occasions of great calamity, by some very merry songs."

BOSTON

Amendments and alterations proposed by the convention of Massachusetts, to be presented to their representatives in Congress, who are to exert their influence by reasonable and legal methods, to obtain said alterations and amendments, agreeable to the fifth article of the said constitution

1st. That it be explicitly declared, that all powers not expressly delegated by the aforesaid constitution, are reserved to the several states, to be by them exercised.

2dly. That there shall be one representative to every thirty thousand persons, according to the census mentioned in the constitution, until the whole number of the representatives amounts to 200.

3dly. That Congress do not exercise the powers vested in them by the 4th section of the 1st article, but in cases when a state neglects or refuse to make regulation therein mentioned, or shall make regulations subversive of the rights of the people, to a free and equal representation in Congress, agreeable to the constitution.

4thly. That Congress do not lay direct taxes, but when the monies arising from the impost and excise are insufficient for the public exigencies; nor then, until Congress shall have first made a requisition upon the states, to assess, levy, and pay their respective proportions of such requisitions, agreeable to the census fixed in the constitution, in such way and manner as the legislature of the state shall think best: and in such case, if any state shall neglect or refuse to pay a proportion, pursuant to such requisition, then Congress may assess and levy such states proportion, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the time of payment prescribed in such requisition.

5thly. That Congress erect no company of merchants with exclusive advantages of commerce.

6thly. That no person shall be tried for any crime by which he may incur an infamous punishment, or loss of life, until he be first indicted by the grand jury, except in such cases as may arise in the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

7thly. The supreme judicial federal court shall have no jurisdiction of causes between citizens of different states, unless the matter in dispute, whether it concerns the reality or personality, be of the value of three thousand dollars, at the least: nor shall the federal judicial power extend to any actions between citizens of different states, where the matter in dispute, whether it concerns the reality or personality is not of the value of fifteen hundred dollars, at least.

8thly. In civil actions, between citizens of different states, every issue of fact, arising in actions at common law, shall be tried by a jury, if the parties, or either of them, request it.

9thly. Congress shall, at no time, consent, that any person, holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall accept of a title of nobility, or any other title or office, from any king, prince, or foreign state.



P A R I S, December 11.

THEY write from Mayenne, that by successive distillers the Lower Main is reduced to extreme distress. By a heavy fall of hail on the 12th of June, the stones in general weighed each from six to seven ounces, the grain on the ground was almost totally ruined. The abundant and continual rains from the 23d of August to the present time have prevented any harvest. The greatest part of the grain has germinated in the fields, and the little that has not sprouted produced levers in those who used it as food.

L E M B E R G, Nov. 2.

A Russian courier who passed through Tambov on the 5th instant, with dispatches from Prince Potemkin for the court of Vienna, declared, that a few days before his departure, which was on the 27th of October, the Turks and Russians fought an obstinate battle between Oczakow and Cherfon, when a great number of troops on both sides were left dead upon the field.

L O N D O N, Feb. 5.

Friday his Grace the Duke of Richmond, Master General of the Ordnance, laid before the king estimates for the farther fortifying the Island of Jersey, and also the Isle of Wight; with the plan of the new forts which are intended for the latter, in the room of the old castles, which are to be pulled down.

His Excellency the Marquis de Lauzanne, the new French Ambassador, has eight footmen; four English and four French. On public days they are all in waiting, at other times two of each only attend him. The Marquis speaks English fluently.

The most authentic information is at length received respecting the mischief done on the fortifications at Cherburg, which have received so much damage as to be incapable of repair. In one of the Caillons there were 4000 tons of rubbish, all which has been washed into the sea; and with the destruction and reparation of the cones, has rendered the harbour in a worse situation than it ever yet exhibited.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Jan. 28.

"The Dauphin is extremely ill. The Countess d'Artois is likewise visibly declining every day. His Majesty is perfectly recovered, and the Queen pregnant.

"His Majesty has fixed the number of the directors of *La Caisse d'Escompte* (the Bank) to thirteen. The dividend was punctually paid the beginning of the present month.

RICHMOND February 9.

Copy of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia, to his friend in the country, wrote during the sitting of the state convention.

"Dear Sir,

"When I had last the pleasure of seeing you, you observed, 'that the old constitution was the best horse a man could ride now-a-days,' in consequence I took a view of the brute, as he stands in Philadelphia; he appears to be much disordered; he was lately struck in the face with a bank note, which so frightened him that he ran through the bank and nearly over set it. It was feared he would go mad, but being well fumigated with funded certificates, he seemed to be in a fair way of recovery, when happening to snort some of his glanders on young federalist, young federalist gave him such a kick in the flank, that he has gone lapped ever since and is become so restive, that the groom cannot get him into the stable without the assistance of the household servants. There is a jockey club now sitting in this city, to examine the pedigree of young federalist, and it is thought he will turn out to be the best blooded colt that ever has been in America, or perhaps in the world. When he gets another summer's graft, I would advise you to mount him, for as to old constitutionalist, there is not a man of any credit will lay a leg over him.

JUST ARRIVED

AND WILL BE OPENED ON MONDAY
 The 19th. inst.

FOR SALE;

On the most reasonable terms, for **CASH** or Country produce, such as Cotton, Sugar, Linnen &c. by

ROBERT PARKER

The corner of Main and Cross-Streets, Lexington
 the following Assortment of

GOODS

VIZ.

BROAD and narrow cloths, coatings and other low priced cloths, shalloons, callimanco, joans (spanning, buckram, corduroys, velvets, jeans, fustians, plated metal and mohair buttons, sleeve buttons, callico and chintz, silk and pocket handkerchiefs, gauze and tiffany ditto, black and white matre net, brocade tiffany, spotted and plain gauze, skeleton and cap-wire, ladies fans, gartering, binding, pins, writing and wrapping paper, large and small black books ruled and plain, ink-stands, wafers in boxes, knives and forks of various kinds, carving ditto, scissore, razors, files, crosscut saws, shovels and tongs, screw-augers every quarter from two to eight, gimblets, falling axes, carpenters hatchets, iron traces, flooring brads 6l. and 8d. nails, loaf sugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, alspice, ginger, allum, indigo, copperas, madders, white chalk, queens ware and other cups and saucers, bowls, mugs, tea and coffee pots, cream-colour'd and red edged soup and shallow plates, tumblers of various sizes.

Also a fresh assortment of medicine, amongst which are glauber salts, rhubarb and jalap powdered, ippecacuanha, tartar-emetic, ipecacuanha, extract of lead, spirits of harts-horn, calomel, red and white precipitate, mercurial and itch ointment in boxes.

Also, pots, kettles, an assortment of dutch ovens, bar-iron drawn out for various purposes, with many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

JUST ARRIVED

AND WILL BE OPENED ON MONDAY
 NEXT, BY
ALEXANDER & JAMES PARKER.
 AT THEIR STORE IN LEXINGTON,
 A LARGE AND GENERAL

ASSORTMENT

OF DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE AND QUEENS WARE.
 WHICH WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW FOR
CASH.

May 16, 1788.

To Mr. FILSON,

SIR,
 "You have taken the liberty to animadvert upon the (viz. my) publication of the intended literary, proposing a filly and impertinent question, which I shall take no notice of. Your officious performance reflects no reputation, indicating a spirit of altercation, which in every attitude, I view with contempt."

AGRICOLA.

**BLANK DEEDS
 SUBPOENAS
 COMMON BONDS**